

1. Q: When does the UC Immunization Plan go into effect?

- A: The UC Immunization Plan began Fall of 2015 with an "Educational" Phase, whereby all Incoming Students, the UC campuses, and the community are notified that vaccination will be required the following year.
- 2. Q: How does UC determine which vaccines and screening to require?
 - A: The UC is following the recommendations of the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) Immunization Branch for Colleges and Universities found on the website at http://www.shotsforschool.org/college/. The current requirements reflect those in place on February 24, 2016. However, UC reserves the right to modify these requirements pending revisions to the recommendations by CDPH. Changes in CDPH's recommendations will be incorporated into the requirements affecting the incoming fall class each year.

In general, these requirements pertain to those vaccine-preventable illnesses that can be spread by respiratory secretions (saliva, coughing, sneezing), and pose a risk to others who might become ill due to classroom or residential contact. These include, measles, mumps, rubella (German measles), pertussis (whooping cough), varicella (Chickenpox), and meningitis, as well as screening for tuberculosis.

- 3. Q: Why is UC implementing this policy?
 - A: There has been an increase in outbreaks of vaccine-preventable illnesses over the past five to ten years, and now many illnesses which we thought were disappearing are returning. Although many of these diseases are considered "mild", they can cause serious illness and death. Both pertussis and measles were responsible for deaths and intensive care hospital stays for hundreds of people in California during the past two years, Recent outbreaks of mumps across the country threaten the health and fertility of non-immune students.
- 4. Q: Why wasn't this done sooner?
 - A: The cost of vaccination was often a barrier to getting all the recommended immunizations. However, the Affordable Care Act has mandated that preventive services, such as vaccination, be covered at 100%--meaning that these services are now available to all. Another reason that UC did not pursue an immunization policy in past had to do with the time and cost for staff to gather, review and verify students' immunization records. However, now all of the campuses use the same system that enables students to enter their immunization history directly into their medical record. Each campus may verify some, or all, of these records by obtaining a copy of the yellow vaccination record, or another form of proof. However, we

anticipate automating the verification process over the next several years, and thereby limiting additional staff time needed for this process.



- 5. Q: I was not vaccinated as a child. Will I be barred from entering UC until all of the vaccinations have been obtained?
 - A: No later than Fall 2017, all UC campuses will implement registration holds for students who have not documented completion, or who have not begun the process of completing, all of the required vaccines. Several campuses already implement registration holds if students have not met the tuberculosis screening requirement. However, there is variation on which campuses will be placing holds during the 2016 2017 academic year. Please check with your campus Student Health Service for information regarding the timeline for registration holds related to immunization requirements.
- 6. Q: I/my family have concerns regarding the safety of vaccines and have chosen not to be vaccinated. Will I be prevented from attending classes at UC if I do not obtain the required vaccines?
 - A: During the initial phases of the Immunization Plan implementation, no registration holds will be placed. However, beginning fall of 2017, students who have not provided evidence of the required vaccinations will not be able to complete their final registration.
- 7. Q: I had an allergic reaction to a vaccination. Am I still required to be vaccinated to enter UC?
 - A: It is very important that the doctor/nurse practitioner/physician assistant who cared for you at that time, document what happened to you when you had the problem with vaccination. If you had a true "allergic reaction", then we will need to know which vaccination caused the problem, and whether you were able to become immune to that illness. You will need to complete a "Medical Exemption Request" form, and submit to your campus health center. If they deny your request for an exemption, you have a right to appeal their decision by a UC wide panel.
- 8. Q: Is there a process to request a personal/religious belief exemption from the UC Immunization Plan?
 - A: The UC convened a task force over the summer of 2015, to examine what types of exemptions from the policy should be considered, and what the appropriate documentation and appeals process would be required. This work group included representatives from every campus, as well as a leading medical ethicist and representatives from the California Department of Public Health. The Task Force has recommended that only Medical Exemptions be allowed, but has created a process whereby students can appeal denials of their request through a group that includes three or more task force members, including at least one primary care provider and one infectious disease specialist. Students who have submitted appeals will be able to attend courses during the quarter/semester that their appeal is undergoing review.



UC Immunization Policy FAQs

- 9. Q: Will I be able to get the vaccines I need from the Student Health Service on my campus?
 - A: Yes, all of the campus Student Health Services stock and administer the required vaccinations. However, our expectation is that you receive these vaccines <u>before</u> starting at UC. Furthermore, most of the campuses are not able to bill insurance plans other than their respective Student Health Insurance Plans—which means you might need to pay out-of-pocket for these immunizations. Some campuses will charge you a fee for the administration of the vaccine as it is a pre-entry requirement. Check with your local campus Student Health Service.